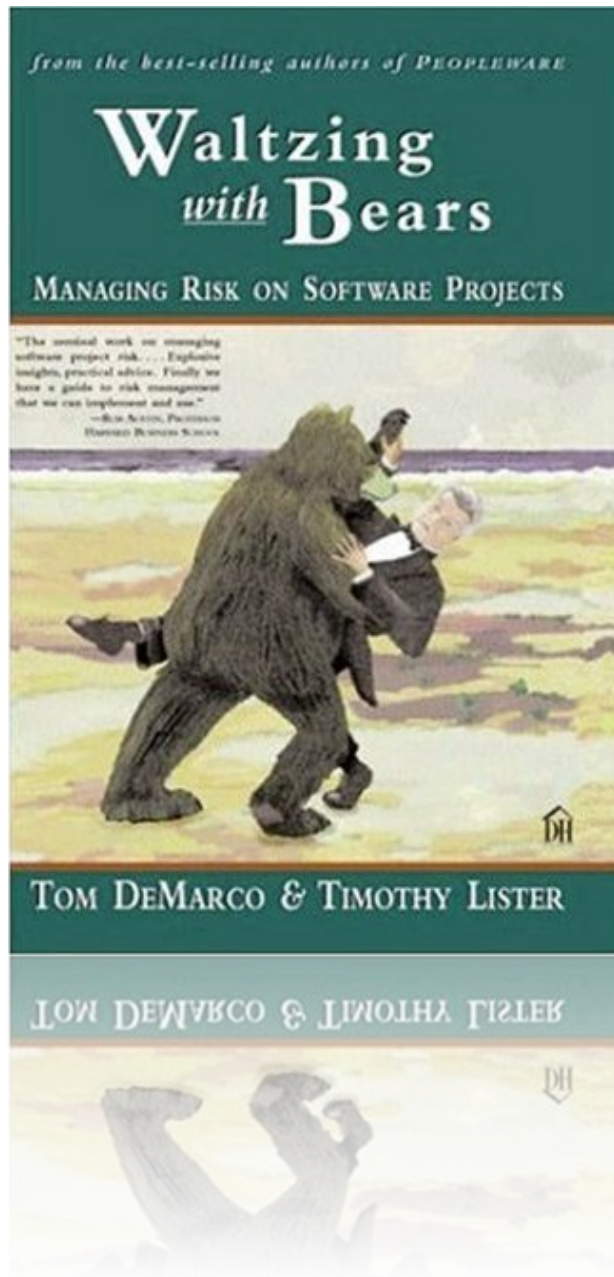


Safe-to-Fail

Liz Keogh

liz@lunivore.com

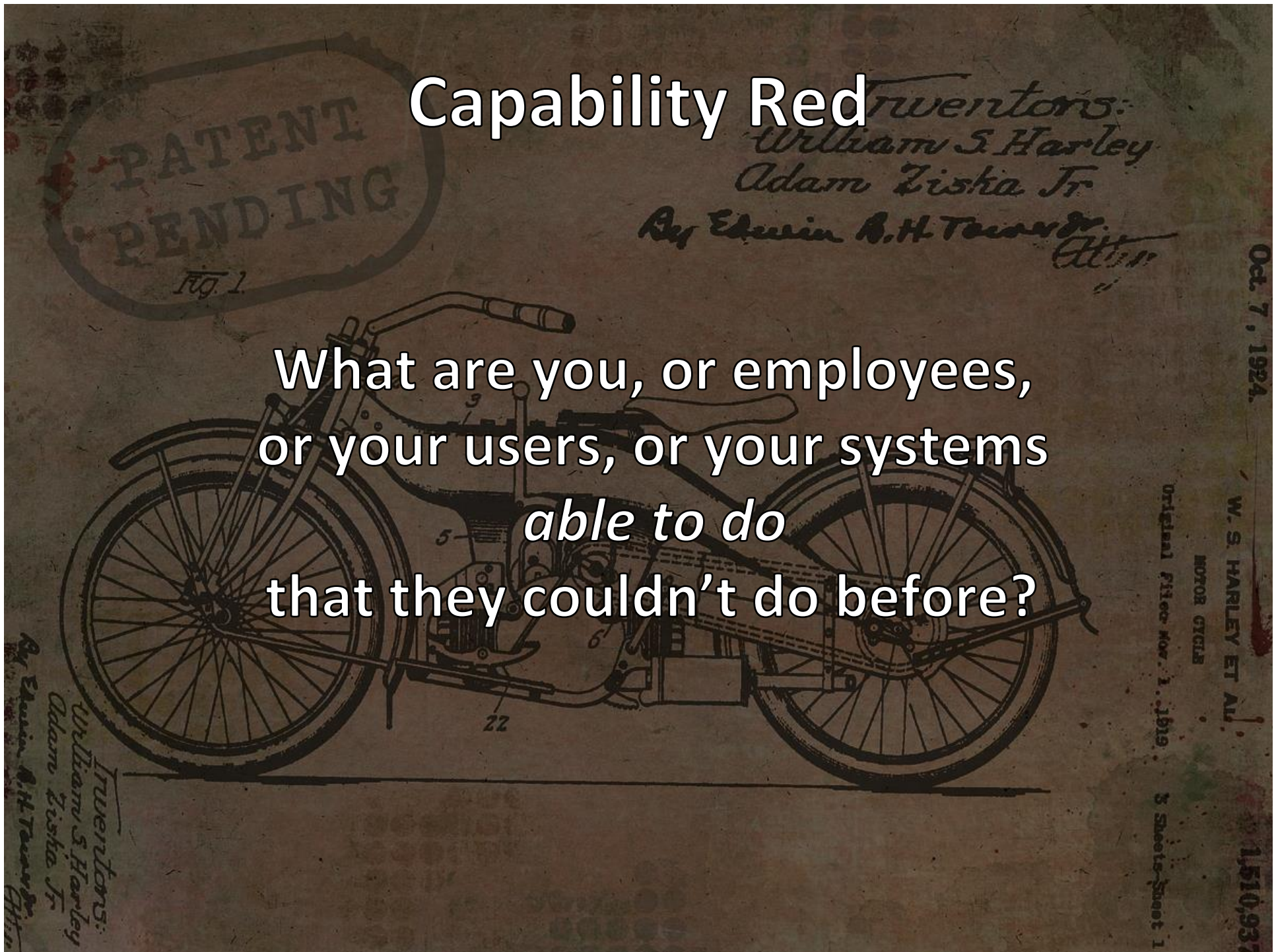




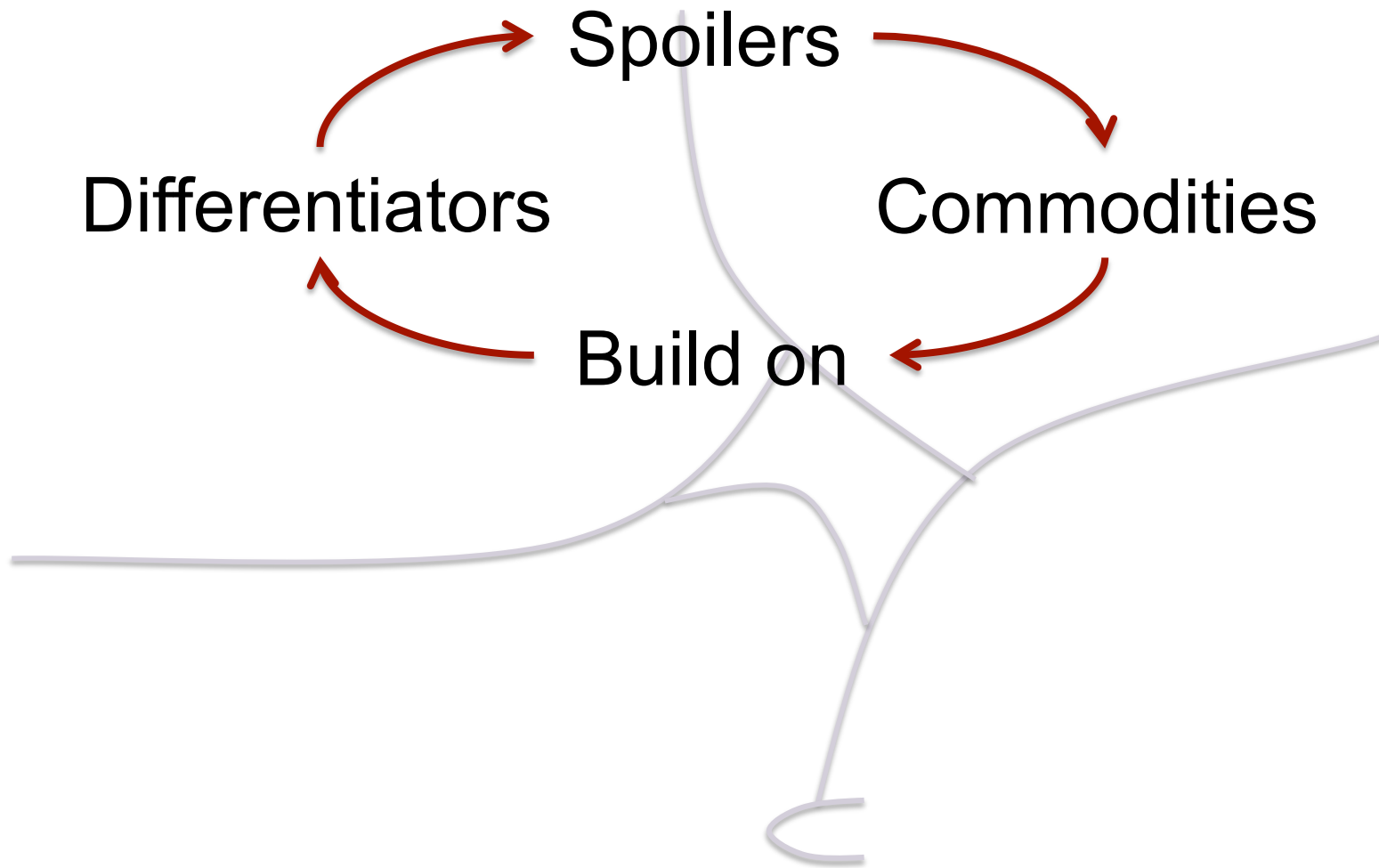
If a project has
no risks,
don't do it.

Capability Red

What are you, or employees,
or your users, or your systems
able to do
that they couldn't do before?



The Innovation Cycle



Cynefin



Complex

probe,
sense,
respond

Complicated

sense,
analyze,
respond

Chaotic

act,
sense,
respond

Obvious

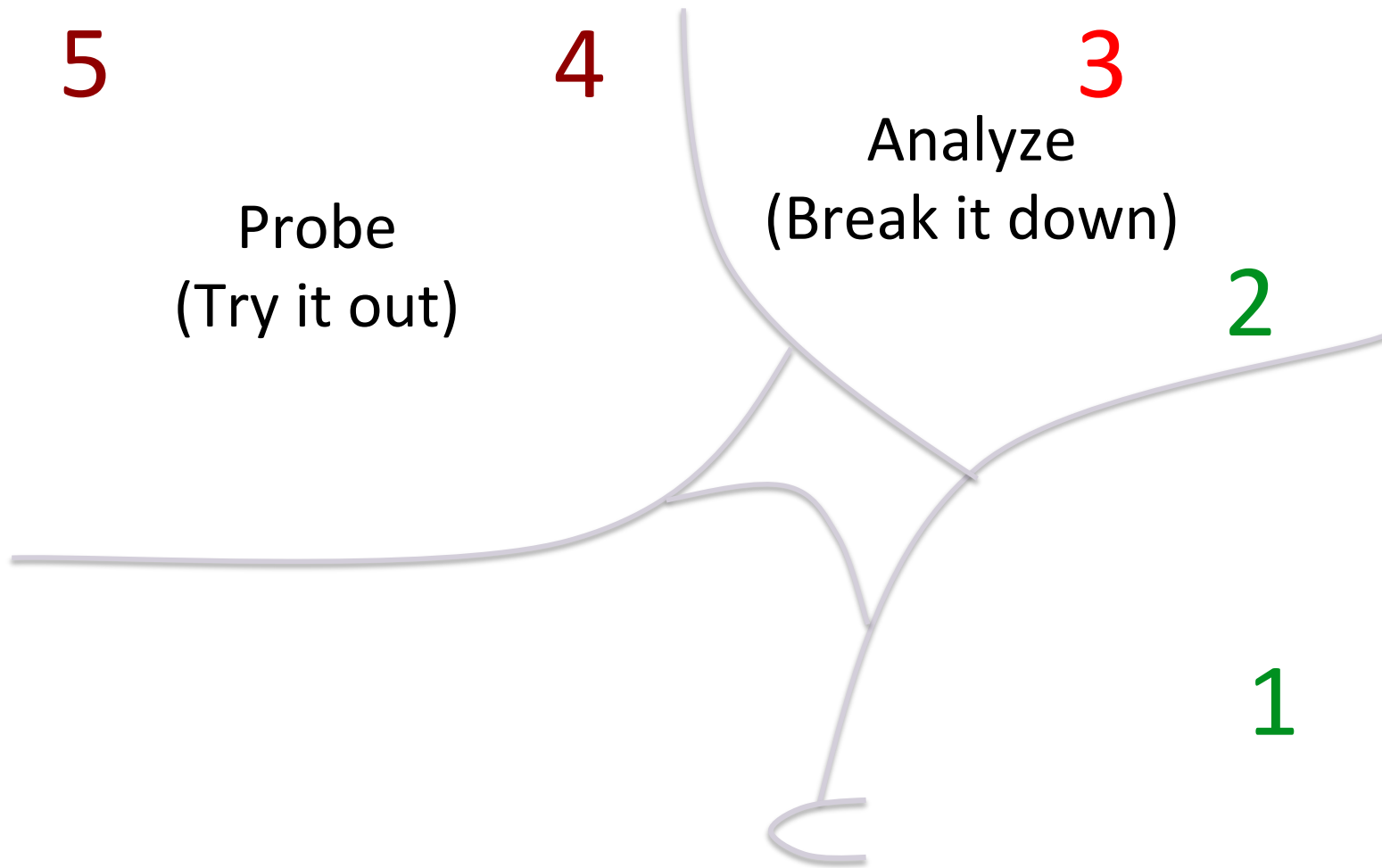
sense,
categorize,
respond

With thanks to
David Snowden and Cognitive Edge

Estimating Complexity

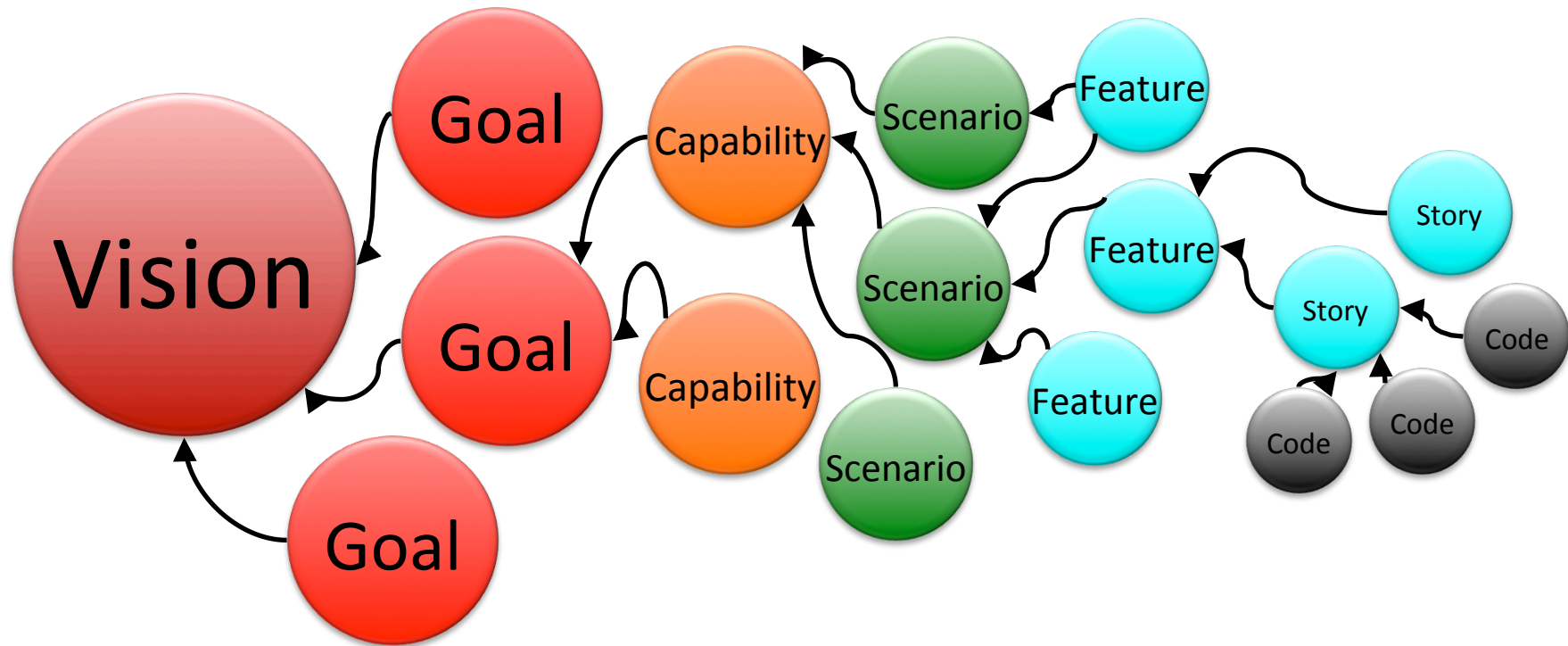
5. Nobody has ever done it before
4. Someone outside the org has done it before
(probably a competitor)
3. Someone in the company has done it before
2. Someone in the team has done it before
1. We all know how to do it.

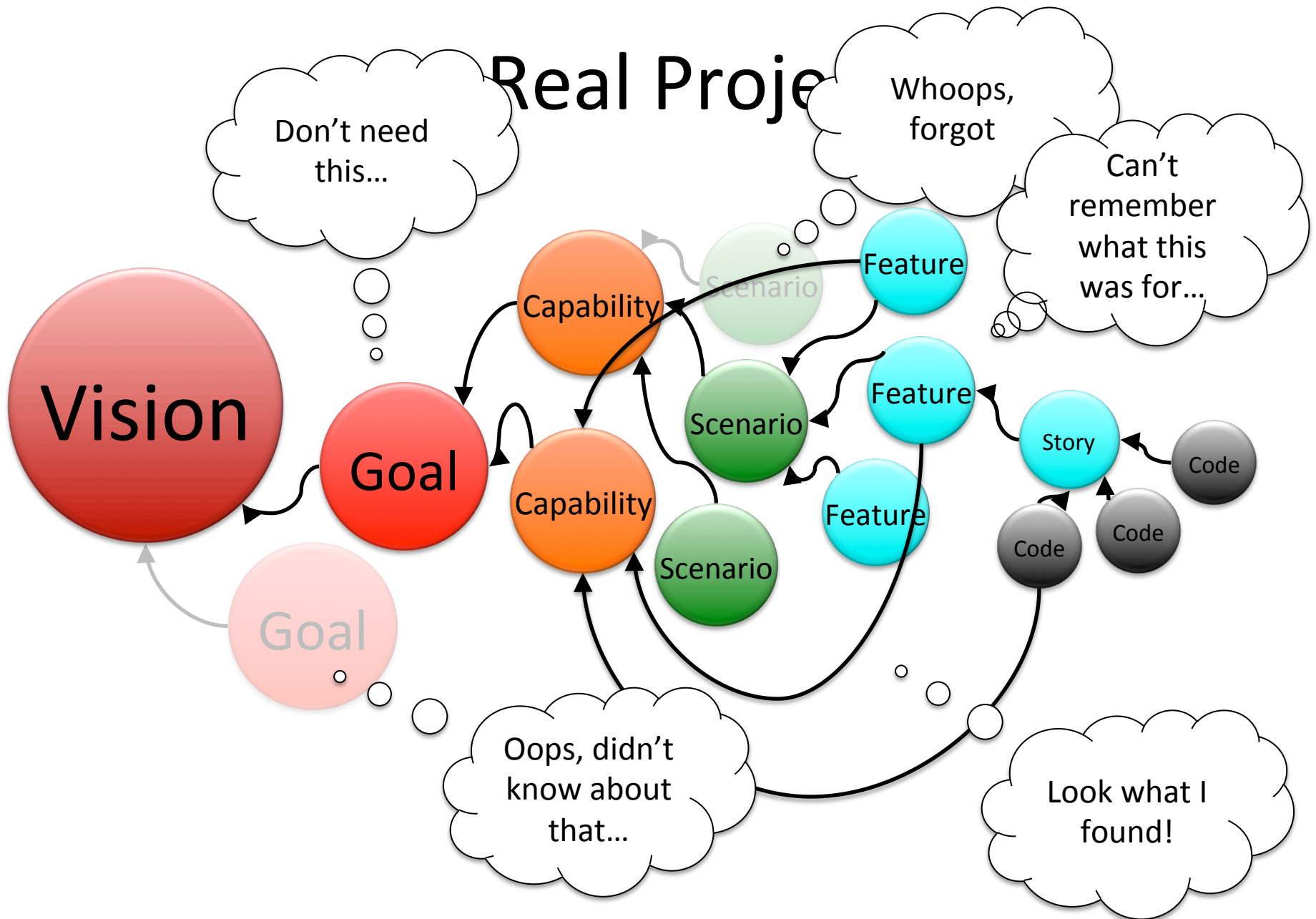
Estimating Complexity



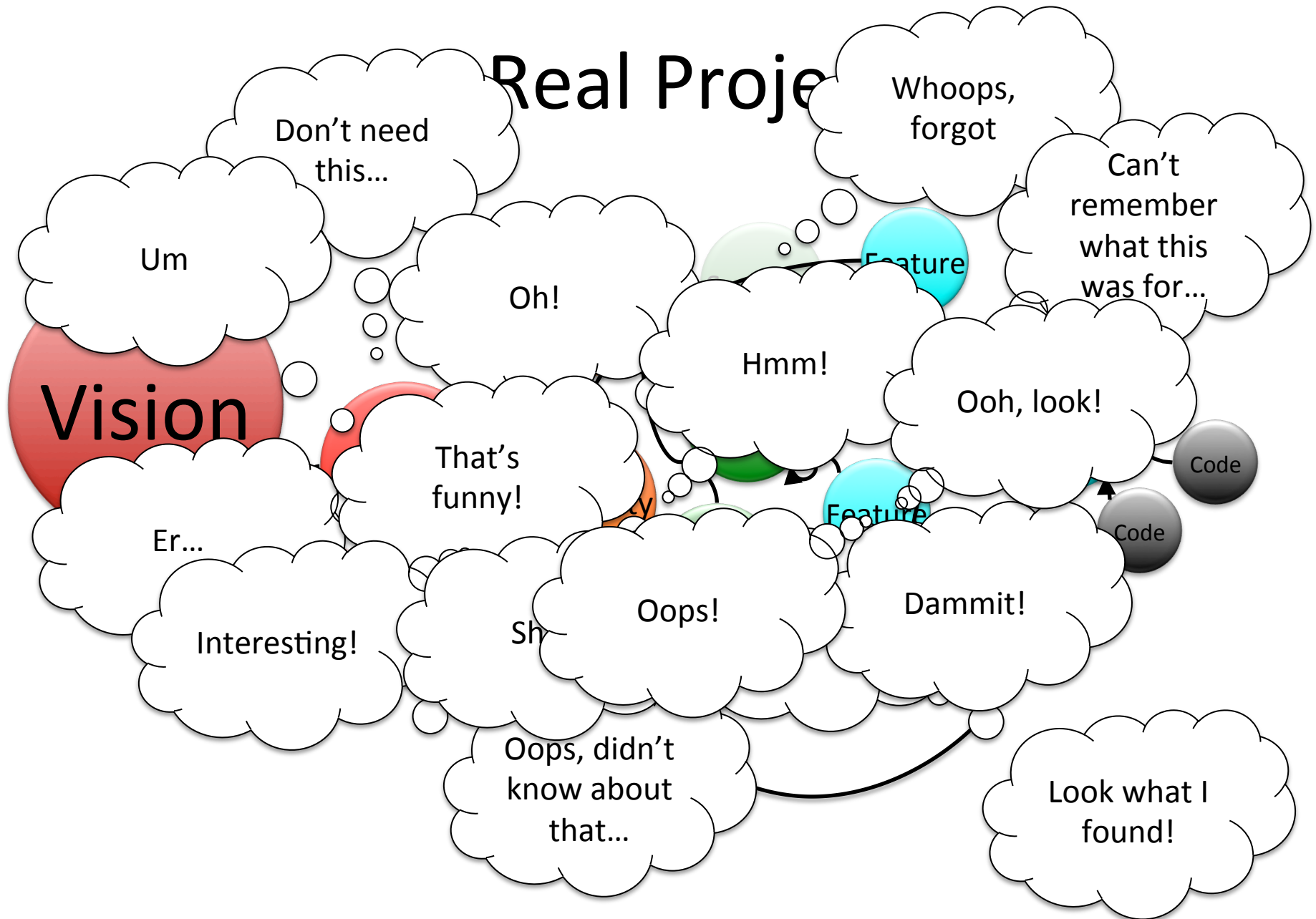
g

Fractal beauty

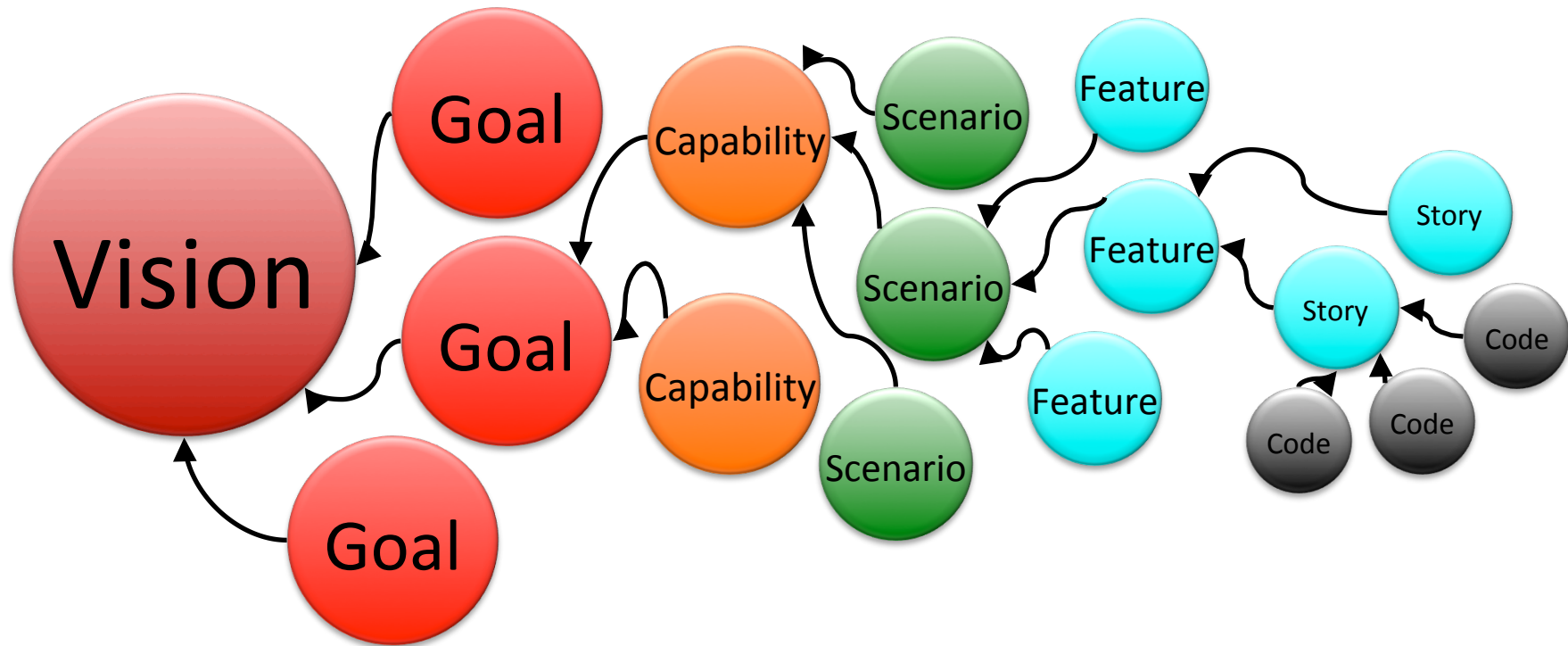




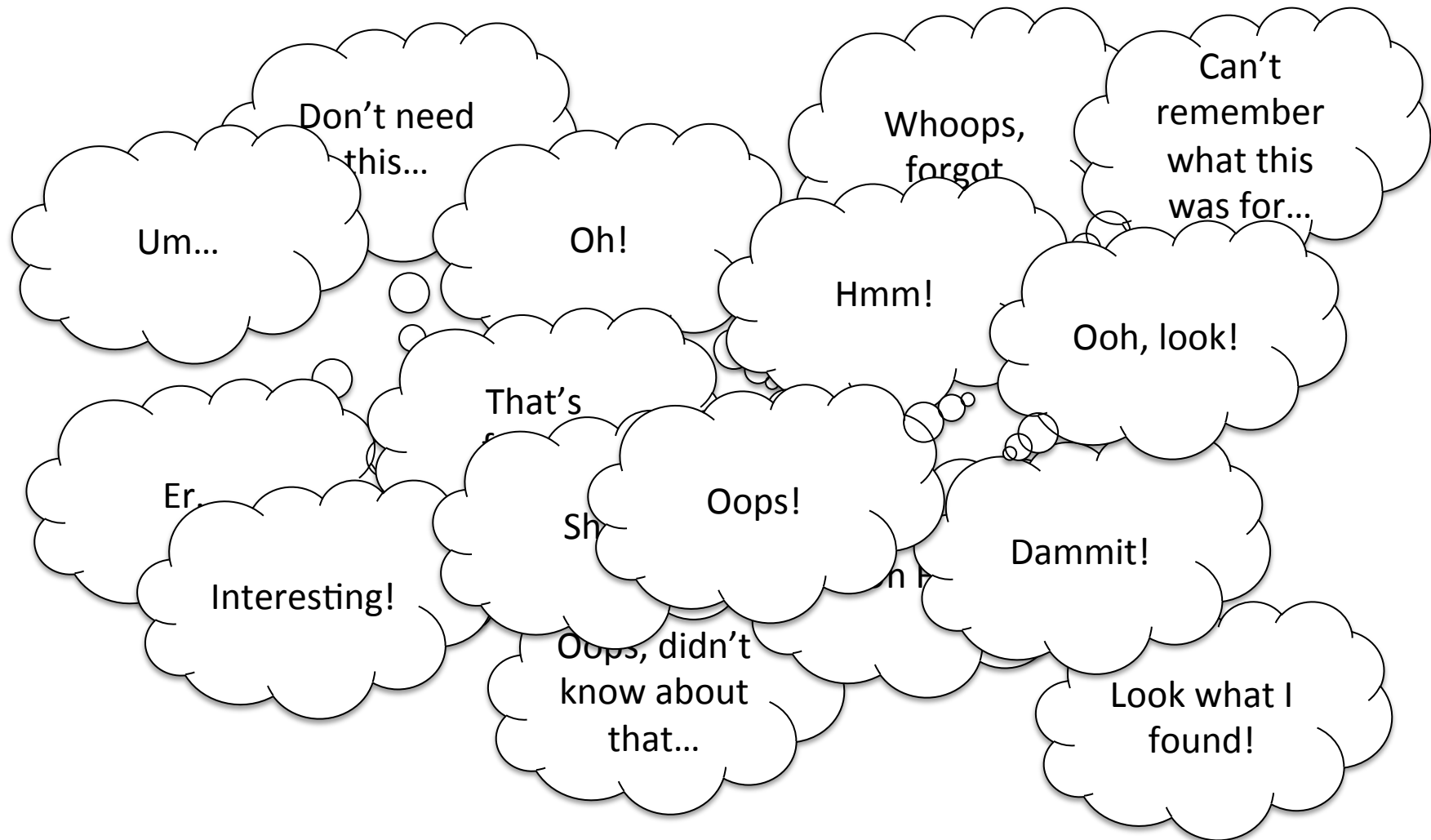
Real Project



~~We are uncovering better ways of
developing software by doing it~~



We're discovering how to **discover stuff** by doing it



Deliberate Discovery

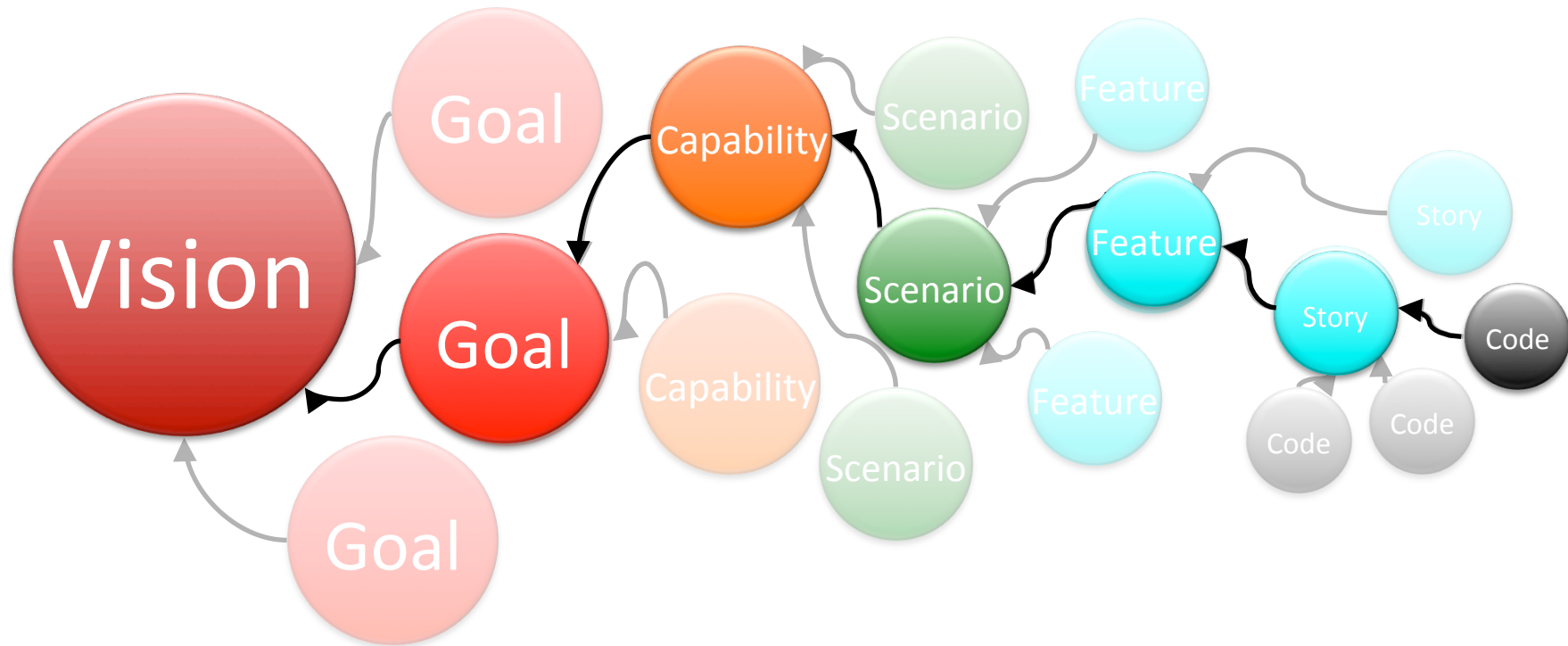
Assume ignorance

Assume second-order ignorance

Optimise for discovery



Risk (Newest Stuff) First



If your stakeholders
don't trust you,
that's
your biggest risk

A Safe-To-Fail Probe has...

A way of knowing it's succeeding

A way of knowing it's failing

A way of dampening it

A way of amplifying it

Coherence

Coherence

A realistic reason
for thinking the probe
might have a
positive impact

Can you give me an example?

Well-formed outcomes

Vision

Hearing

Smell

Taste

Sensation

Kinesthetic

Propriaception

In high uncertainty...

...scenarios provide
coherence,
not
tests

Coherence

Given my boyfriend and I
have been going out for four years
When we move in with each other
Then we should be even happier together.



“That won’t
work
because...”



Cydonia, Viking 1, 1976

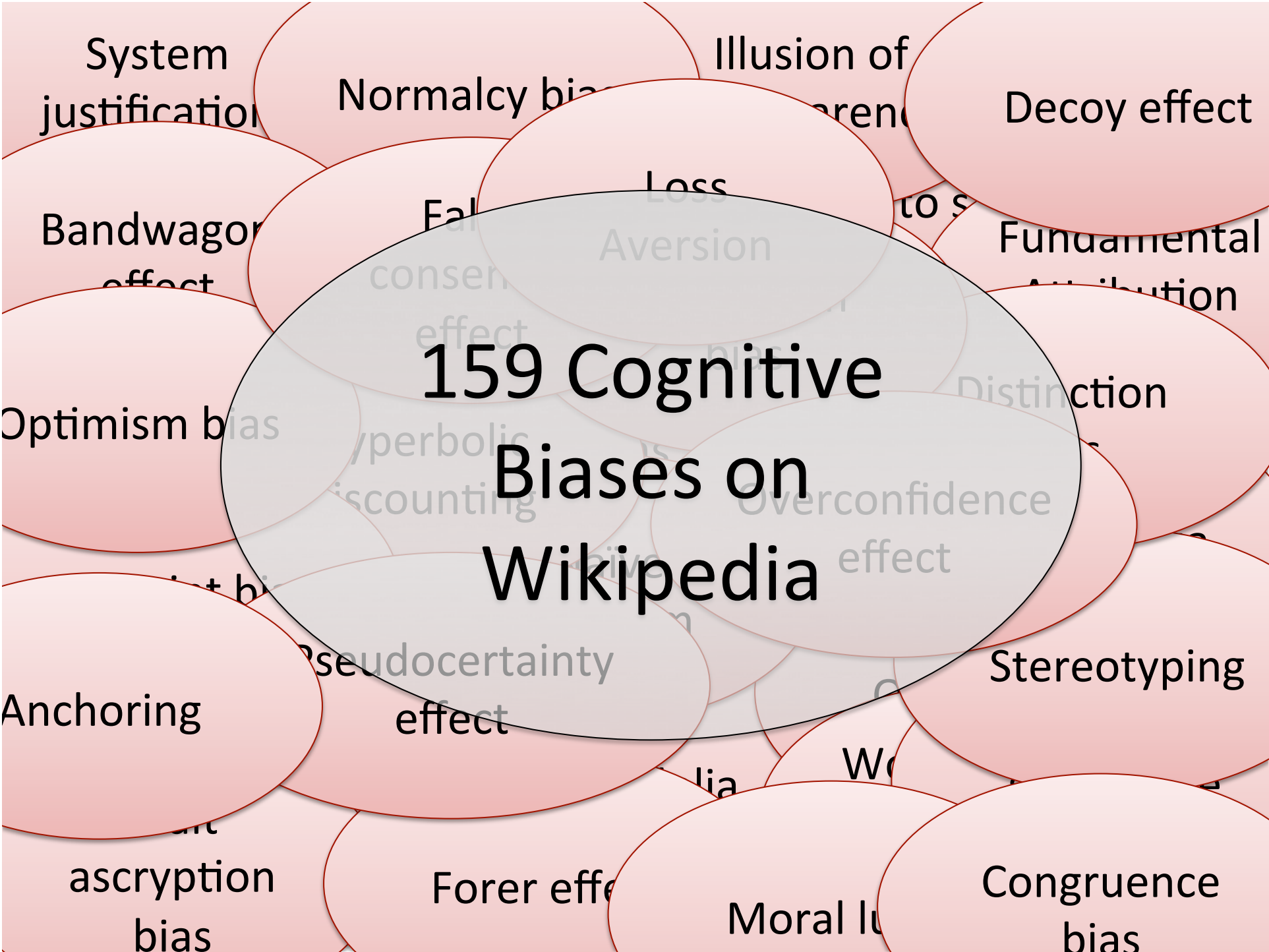


Cydonia, Viking 1, 1976



Cydonia, Mars Reconnaissance Orbiter, 2006

159 Cognitive Biases on Wikipedia



System
justification

Normalcy bias

Illusion of
competence

Decoy effect

Bandwagon
effect

Fal
conservation

Loss
Aversion

to s

Fundamental
Attribution

Optimism bias

Hyperbolic
discounting

Overconfidence
effect

Distinction

Anchoring

Pseudocertainty
effect

Stereotyping

ascription
bias

Forer effect

Moral lu

Congruence
bias

Failure Scenarios

Given my boyfriend and I
have been going out for four years
When we move in with each other
Then we *might* get on
each other's nerves.

A Safe-To-Fail Probe has...

A way of knowing it's succeeding

A way of knowing it's failing

A way of dampening it

A way of amplifying it

Coherence

~~A way of avoiding failure completely~~

The Probe

“How about we try it
for 1 year
as an experiment?”

Real Options

Options have value

Options expire

Never commit early
unless you know why



The Palchinsky Principles

Seek out new ideas and try new things

When trying something new,
do it on a scale where
failure is survivable

Seek out feedback
and learn from your mistakes
as you go along

Making it Safe to Fail

Ritual Dissent

Ask a Tester!



Liz Keogh
Independent Consultant!
<http://lizkeogh.com>
@lunivore

